

## Articulating National Interest Test (NIT) statement in ARC Grant Applications

### What is NIT?

The National Interest Test (NIT) is a simple cohesive statement that demonstrates to a member of the general public how the proposed research can be of value to Australia. These statements deepen community understanding of why public money is being invested in each research project, and help Australia's policymakers, community and industry draw on that research. Additionally, the statements provide an opportunity for applicants to promote the value of their research to the broader community.

The NIT statement is a requirement in all ARC application forms for funding under the National Competitive Grants Program (NCGP). The purpose of the NIT is to demonstrate the societal benefits (economic, commercial, environmental, social, or cultural) of the proposed research beyond the academic community. The audience of the NIT is the general public, while the Application Project Summary audience is the applicant's peers.

### How is it assessed?

The NIT is certified by the DVCR prior to submission as meeting the three considerations listed below. The ARC Chief Executive Officer (CEO) provides the NIT to the Minister together with any recommendation for funding. The NIT statements are a critical part of the funding recommendations to the Minister. The ARC CEO is responsible for due diligence, eligibility, and peer review assessment of applications.

The Minister makes the final funding decision.

### Changes to the National Interest Test statement

Following widespread consultation across the sector in 2022, the NIT will continue to be provided by researchers in each application. The key changes are:

- The considerations to be addressed in the statement have been refined, these are:
  1. What is the project about and what research gap is it addressing in Australia?
  2. How could the research benefit Australians (economically, socially, environmentally, commercially, or culturally)?
  3. How might you promote your research outcomes beyond academia to maximise understanding, translation, use and adoption of the research future?
- The word limit has been increased - **now up to 200 words**.
- NIT statements will be certified by the relevant Deputy Vice Chancellors of Research (DVCRs) as addressing the three considerations in plain English and that the statement is directed towards the public audience.
- There will be no revisions to the NIT once submitted to ARC.
- The NIT will be provided to assessors as an input to the peer review process.

The changes will apply to all scheme rounds opening to applications from 1 December 2022. The changes do not apply retrospectively.

Applicants should address the three NIT considerations as a single cohesive statement. Applicants should take particular care in addressing each element concisely.

Applicants should avoid technical explanations, jargon or abbreviations that would not be understood by a member of the public without background in the area. It should be written in plain English and be suitable for publication in popular publications and media. Evidence-based outcomes directly related to the proposed research should be clearly articulated. Sharing a draft NIT statement with colleagues in a different discipline or sector may assist an applicant to ensure the project's benefits are clearly understood.

### Further information and examples of NIT statements

The ARC provides responses to Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) on [GrantConnect](#). Other changes to the ARC grant guidelines and common questions are also updated in those FAQs.

Recently funded project NIT's can be viewed here: [National Interest Test Statements | Australian Research Council](#)

Further examples of NIT's and how they address the various questions are available: [ARC Articulating National Interest Test Statements](#)

To ensure readability by the general public, ECU Research Services will arrange review of your NIT statement by our Brand and Marketing area. Completed statements will be required by the grant scheme's Stage 2 Pre-assessment date, or otherwise specified, to enable this review. Some examples of NIT Statements that do and do not meet the ARC criteria are included below.

**For further assistance** please contact your school Research Administration Officer (RAO) or Coordinator Research Administration: Email: [research-preaward@ecu.edu.au](mailto:research-preaward@ecu.edu.au)

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### Examples of well written NIT statements

Below are some good examples of NIT statements, and some examples of statement text which does not meet the intent of the NIT.

<p><b>Example 1 –</b></p> <p>Australia is today a top sugar exporter, but Australian South Sea Islanders, whose ancestors were imported by early sugar producers to cultivate the crop, remain largely alienated from academic retellings of the industry's history. Uniting Australian scholars, prominent international slavery research centres, and the Australian South Sea Islander community, this project will explore the story of Australia's early sugar industry through the people, investments, ideas of labour migration, and cultural norms that linked it to sugar production in the Atlantic. Creating an online, searchable database of Pacific Labour voyages, and an archive of Pacific Literature, it will build new, global understanding of Australia's place in the history of sugar and aid Pacific Islander community initiatives.</p>	<p><b>Example 2 –</b></p> <p>Successful local food and small-scale manufacturing industries are essential to Australia's COVID-19 recovery. This project will provide existing and emerging businesses, policymakers, and local and regional governments with robust data about the strategies required to assist existing operators to remain competitive, and to support the development of new businesses. This new knowledge will be especially beneficial for those Australian states and regions where a comparative lack of large industry and predominance of small-to-medium enterprises means that a refocusing on local production is crucial for economic growth. It will save money, time (individuals, business and government) and other resources by enabling more targeted initiatives based on the actual needs of, and markets for, Australian small-scale producers. With</p>
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	<p>compelling stories of local making a key pillar of regional tourism efforts, it will also provide new knowledge about the role of the local turn in revitalising regional tourism.</p>
<p><b>Example 3 –</b></p> <p>Australia’s water crises stem from the complex interdependence of hydrological cycles complicated by intense conflict and competition of water use among stakeholders. To date, stakeholder engagement practices have failed to foster sustainable water management and use, and have led to clientelism and the marginalisation of groups such as indigenous communities.</p> <p>This project will offer government agencies and river basin authorities a tool for designing, implementing, monitoring, and evaluating stakeholder engagement in river basin governance by assessing the structure of stakeholder engagement networks and explicitly linking them to both stakeholders’ values of water and their water uses at catchments. Application of the tool will lead to more inclusive, equal, and adaptive water governance, and in the long run, greater socio-economic and environmental benefits from increasingly scarce water.</p>	<p><b>Example 4 –</b></p> <p>There is a clear lack of understanding about how animals regulate how much they eat and drink. Understanding how and why animals (including humans) eat and drink as much as they do is of major relevance to Australia's national interest, because excessive consumption of food and drink has major detrimental effects on several key fields at a commercial, social, cultural and environmental level. By understanding the mechanisms that determine how animals regulate how much food and liquids they have consumed, we have the potential to selectively target the mechanisms that underlie appetite and thirst sensations. This could occur by developing new drugs, with the pharmaceutical industry, or via non-pharmaceutical techniques. Therefore, the new information obtained will likely lead to significantly improved economic, commercial, environmental and social benefits to the Australian community. This project will provide essential new insights about how a major sensory nerve pathway controls appetite and thirst sensations in animals. The proposal relies on new methodologies that only exist in our laboratory.</p>

**General examples of extracts from NIT statements that do not meet the ARC requirements**

Common pitfalls in articulating national interest include focusing only on benefits to academia, making sweeping remarks about broad benefits that do not appear directly related to the project, using language that is not clear to the general public. Some examples below:

1. This project will generate significant new academic knowledge. Results will be published in high quality journals and other academic outputs, leading to good research citations. Innovative methods from the project will be disseminated to other Australian researchers in the discipline. The CI will ensure that any value of the project is identified and commercially exploited for the partner organisation. The project will generate a good quality academic workforce.
2. Project findings will enhance Australia's reputation for scientific research. The research will generate knowledge to develop commercial products that will have major economic benefit for Australia, and generate important intellectual property for academics. It will lead to further research endeavours that will generate significant benefits to the Australian community.
3. The project will harness Australia’s strong research capacity in the relatively new field of engineering. The outcomes – the scientific foundation for new generation of materials – are expected to give our partner, a significant market edge in the expanding global market for high-tech solutions.
4. The emerging team-members will receive intensive industry–university cross-training in a unique combination of disciplines, providing valuable skillsets for Australia’s hi-tech sector, universities, and government.
5. Results will be published in high quality journals, discussed at national conferences, and presented at our annual research retreat.
6. Novel findings will be considered for patenting or licensing and through the CI’s network will generate a commercial value.
7. As a team, we are experienced in research and the creation of new knowledge. Our track records demonstrate the potential for success in this project and the economic value to Australia.